MODULE 2 LESSON 3

QUIZ

- 1. Question. Which of the following factors correspond to the zeros $-2, \frac{3}{4}, 0$?
 - A. (x 2), (3x + 4), (x)B. (x + 2), (4x - 3), (x)C. (x - 2), (4x + 3), (x)D. (x + 2), (3x - 4), (x)Go to answer 1
- 2. Question. Let P(x) be the polynomial of lowest degree with real coefficients and zeros of 3, -7, i. Which of the following represents the polynomial P(x)?
 - A. $P(x) = x^4 + 4x^3 20x^2 + 4x 21$ B. $P(x) = x^3 + (4 - i)x^2 - (21 + 4i)x + 21i$ C. $P(x) = x^4 + 4x^3 - (21 - 2i)x^2 - 4i2x + 21i$ D. P(x) = x4 - 4x3 - 20x2 - 4x - 21Go to answer 2
- 3. Question. Which of the numbers below is the value of the leading coefficient for the polynomial P(x) with real coefficients which satisfies the following conditions: 2 is a zero of P(x) of the multiplicity 2, -1 is a zero of P(x) of the multiplicity 1, P(-2) = -64 and P(x) is of lowest degree?
 - A. 2
 - B. 16
 - C. -4

D. 4 Go to answer 3

- 4. Question. What is the lowest degree of a polynomial P(x) with real coefficients such that -1 is a zero of P(x) of the multiplicity 3 and 2i is another zero of P(x)?
 - A. 4 B. 5

C. 2

D. 3

Go to answer 4

- 5. Question. What is the number of x-intercepts of the graph of $P(x) = x^4 + 8x^2 + 16$?
 - A. 4
 - B. 2
 - C. 0
 - D. 1
 - Go to answer 5

- 1. Answer to Question 1 is "B". Go back 1
- 2. Answer to Question 2 is "A". Go back 2
- 3. Answer to Question 3 is "D". Go back 3
- 4. Answer to Question 4 is "B". Go back 4
- 5. Answer to Question 5 is "C". Go back 5