MODULE 2

LESSON 4

QUIZ

- 1. Question. Which of the following expresses the polynomial $P(x) = x^3 + 8$ in factored form?
 - A. (x+2)(x+2)(x+2)B. $(x+2)(x^2+2x+4)$ C. $(x+2)(x^2-2x+4)$

D. Not factorable over the integers. Go to answer 1

2. Question. Which of the following are the solutions of the equation $x^2 - 2x + 4 = 0$?

A. x = 2 and x = -2

B. The equation has no solutions because $x^2 - 2x + 4$ is not factorable over the integers.

C. $x = 1 + i\sqrt{3}$ and $x = 1 - i\sqrt{3}$ D. $x = -1 + i\sqrt{3}$ and $x = -1 - i\sqrt{3}$ Go to answer 2

3. Question. Which of the following is the completely factored form of the polynomial $P(x) = x^3 + 8$?

A. $P(x) = (x+2)^3$ B. $P(x) = (x+2)(x+1+i\sqrt{3})(x+1-i\sqrt{3})$ C. $P(x) = (x+2)^2(x-4)$ D. $P(x) = (x+2)(x-1+i\sqrt{3})(x-1-i\sqrt{3})$ Go to answer 3 4. Question. Which of the following correctly describes the solutions $x = 1 + i\sqrt{3}$, $x = 1 - i\sqrt{3}$ and x = -2?

A. 3 solutions of which 1 is real and 2 are non-real.

B. 3 solutions of which all 3 are real.

C. 3 solutions of which 2 are real and 1 is non-real.

D. 3 solutions of which all 3 are non-real.

Go to answer 4

- 5. Question. How many x-intercepts does the graph of the polynomial $P(x) = x^3 + 8$ have?
 - A. none
 - B. 3
 - C. 2
 - D. 1
 - Go to answer 5

1. Answer to Question 1 is "C".

Note: The polynomial P(x) = x3+8 in factored form is $P(x) = (x+2)(x^2-2x+4)$, where (x+2) is a *linear factor* and (x^2-2x+4) is a *quadratic factor*. Go back 1

- 2. Answer to Question 2 is "C". Go back 2
- 3. Answer to Question 3 is "D". Go back 3
- 4. Answer to Question 4 is "A". Go back 4
- 5. Answer to Question 5 is "D". Go back 5