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**Question 1**

2 / 2 points

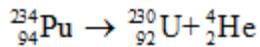
Assuming the radius of a hydrogen atom is given by the Bohr radius,  $r_{\text{Bohr}} = 5.29 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}$ , what is the ratio of the nuclear density of a hydrogen atom to its atomic density? **Note:** Assume for this calculation that the mass of the atom is equal to the mass of the proton.

- a)  $1.2 \times 10^{-14}$
- b)  $4.4 \times 10^4$
- c)  $2.3 \times 10^{-5}$
- d)  $3.9 \times 10^{17}$
- e)  $8.6 \times 10^{13}$

**Question 2**

2 / 2 points

Determine the amount of energy released in the following alpha decay process:



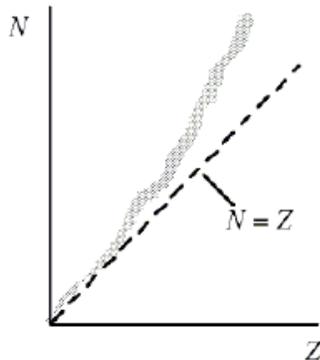
The relevant atomic masses are  ${}_{94}^{234}\text{Pu} = 234.043\,299 \text{ u}$ ,  ${}_{92}^{230}\text{U} = 230.033\,937 \text{ u}$ , and  ${}_2^4\text{He} = 4.002\,603 \text{ u}$ .

- a) 927 keV
- b) 6.30 MeV
- c) 10.6 MeV
- d) 3.73 keV
- e) 8.04 MeV

**Question 3**

2 / 2 points

This question refers to the figure shown. Which one of the following concepts explains why heavy nuclei do not follow the  $N = Z$  line (or trend) in the figure?



- a) transmutation
- b) Pauli exclusion principle
- c) particle-wave duality
- d) Heisenberg uncertainty principle
- e) Coulomb repulsion

**Question 4**

2 / 2 points

The ratio of the abundance of carbon-14 to carbon-12 in a sample of dead wood is one quarter the ratio for living wood. If the half-life of carbon-14 is 5730 years, which one of the following expressions determines how many years ago the wood died?

- a)  $2 \times 5730$
- b)  $0.25 \times 5730$
- c)  $4 \times 5730$
- d)  $0.75 \times 5730$
- e)  $0.50 \times 5730$

**Question 5**

2 / 2 points

The proton has a mass of 1.007 28 u; and the neutron has a mass of 1.008 67. Use this information to determine the binding energy per nucleon of  ${}_{90}^{232}\text{Th}$  which has an atomic mass of 232.038 054 u.

- a) 9.8 MeV
- b) 8.7 MeV
- c) 6.5 MeV
- d) 10.2 MeV
- e) 7.4 MeV

**Question 6**

2 / 2 points

The half-life of  ${}_{79}^{200}\text{Au}$  is  $2.88 \times 10^3$  s. What is the mass of a sample of  ${}_{79}^{200}\text{Au}$  that has an activity of  $1.42 \times 10^{12}$  Bq?

- a)  $2.41 \times 10^{-3}$  g
- b)  $9.80 \times 10^{-9}$  g
- c)  $5.89 \times 10^{-12}$  g
- d)  $1.96 \times 10^{-6}$  g
- e)  $2.78 \times 10^{-15}$  g

**Question 7**

2 / 2 points

In a beta decay process, not all of the released energy is carried by the beta particle. Who proposed the existence of the neutrino in 1930 to account for the missing energy?

- a) Wolfgang Pauli
- b) Werner Heisenberg
- c) Enrico Fermi
- d) Erwin Schrödinger
- e) Niels Bohr

**Question 8**

2 / 2 points

The binding energy of an isotope of chlorine is 298 MeV. What is the mass defect of this chlorine nucleus in atomic mass units?

- a) 0.034 u
- b) 0.320 u
- c) 3.13 u
- d) 0.882 u
- e) 2.30 u

**Question 9**

2 / 2 points

Which one of the following thicknesses of lead would be least effective in stopping  $\beta$  rays?

- a) 0.50 mm
- b) 0.45 mm
- c) 0.04 mm

- d) 0.15 mm
- e) 0.30 mm

**Question 10**

2 / 2 points

Which one of the following statements is true concerning the radioisotope carbon-14 that is used in carbon dating?

- a) Carbon-14 is produced by the decay of carbon-12.
  - b) Carbon-14 is produced during  $\beta^-$  decay.
  - c) Carbon-14 is produced by cosmic rays striking the atmosphere.
  - d) Carbon-14 is produced by living cells.
  - e) Carbon-14 is produced by cells after they have died.
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